CITY INTELLIGENCE. A BLOODY DEED.

Three Men Stubbed, One Parally, is the Six teenth Ward.

The neighborhood of Fifth street and Girard avenue was thrown into an intense state of ex-eltement last night by the enactment of a bloody deed which has this morning resulted in the death of one of the parties. About half-past ten o'clock Dennis Corkrey, Timothy O'Leary, and Timothy Bullivan, whilst about leaving the heuse of O'Leary, en Fifth street above the avenue, were accosted by az inebriated Gorman, named Frank Quick. In reply to his remarks he was told to continue on his way home. This seemed to incense him, and turning to Sullivan he called him — , and threatened to cut his — guts out, at the same time making a thrust at him with a kuife, which penetrated his overcoat, vest, shirt, and undershirt, and in-flicted a flesh wound upon the left side of about five inches in length. Sullivan at once turned five inches in length. and fled from Quick, who then made a lunge at

O'Leary, but he fortunately escaped with a slight abrasion of the left arm.

Quick next assaulted Corkrey, whom he stabbed in the abdomen, and then walked down to the avenue and up Randolph street, where he was captured by Officer William E. Larasson, of the Tenth district, who had heard of the affair, and followed him. The first intimation Sullivan or O'Leacy had of Corkrey's being stabled was his approaching them with his en-trails protruding. He was at once removed to trails protruding. He was at once removed to a drug store on Fifth street, near the avenue, where his wound was partially attended to. The sight was a sickening one. A perfect pool of blood surrounded the unfortunate man, and his intestines were plainly visible.

Early this morning he was removed to St. Mary's Hospital, where he lingered until 12 o'clock, noon, when death ensued. Deceased was a shoemaker by trade, married, and resided

at No. 819 Essex street. Quick was taken to the Tenth District Station House, where, on being searched, the knife was found in his coat pocket, both it and the pocket being stained with blood. His shirt sleeves apbucket of blood. The knife is a double-bladed one, brass-handled, and about three and a half inches long. Quick is a cabinet-maker by occupation, about forty years of age, father of a family, and resides at No. 1503 North Fifth street. The Coroner will hold an inquest in the ease to-morrow at 3 P. M.

EXAMINATION OF THE CITY BRIDGES .- An examination of the city bridges has recently been made by the Chief Engineer and Surveyor, who reports that the Girard Avenue Bridge is in an unsatisfactory condition, and should receive the early attention of Councils. The opening of the park on the west side of the Schuylkill has made this bridge an important one to our citizens, and therefore should be, in the opinion of the Chief, made par-

The Wire Bridge at Fairmount also needs repair, and the Engineer states that he would recommend new cables if Councils had not adopted plans for a new one. The cables are not thought to be in danger of breaking, but there is no means of ascertaining the fact.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- The weather clerk is apparently out of sorts.

The new arrangement styled a door, at the Central Telegraph Station, is a botch.

-Prince Arthur was allowed to pass without being interviewed. -Another deed of blood committed through

rum last night.

—The Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, of Pennsylvania, meets to-morrow in Spring -Is it ever going to freeze? is the latest

-The batchers' ball comes off to-night. - Market street needs cleaning.

A LARGE COLLECTION.—The congregation of the Universalist Church of the Messiah, Locust street, below Broad, has for eeveral years been laboring under a heavy debt. Yesterday morning was the time appointed to receive contribu-tions for the liquidation of at least a portion of it. The collection was made, and to the astonishment of all it reached the sum of \$13,000, which is more than sufficient to pay off the entire debt.

LARCENY OF A WHEELBARROW .- Howard Gladieg, at 3 o'clock on Sunday morning, forci-bly entered the cellar of building No. 1310 Pop-lar street. As he was coming out, dragging a wheelbarrow after him, Officer Book put in an appearance and took him into custody, prisoner had a hearing before Alderman Massey, and was committed for trial.

BURNED TO DEATH .- Annie Sherry, aged sixteen months, was burned to death at half-past eight o'clock this morning, by her clothes taking fire from a stove, near which she was playing, at her residence, No. 168 Adam street, Frankford. Her mother was in a neighbor's

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES .- The sale of single tickets for any one of the lectures of the second series of this course will commence to day at Gould's, No. 923 Chesnut street. The first fecturer will be Wendell Phillips, who will discourse upon "The Questions of To-morrow," on the evening of January 31.

ANOTHER ARRESTED, -A lad named Charles Green had a hearing before Alderman Kerr this morning, charged with being concerned in the robbery at the Newsboys' Home. The prisoner was arrested at Third and Chesnut streets by one of the Reserves. He was bound over in \$1000 bail to answer.

SEVERELY INJURED .- This morning Thomas McKnight, aged 21 years, fell from the third story of a house at Darby road and Chesnut streets, and was seriously injured. He was re-moved to No. 13 S. Thirty-eighth street, where he was properly cared for.

BARN DESTROYED BY FIRE .- About 6 o'clock on Saturday evening the barn of Mr. George V. Wrecks and Mr. George Yeakel, near Chestnut Hill, was destroyed by fire. A ton of hay was stored on the premises at the time. The loss is estimated at \$900. No insurance.

THE GALLOWS .- A meeting of the friends of the "Rejeal of the Death Penalty" will be held at Mercantile Library Hall, Tenth street, above Chesnut, te-night at 756 o'clock. Hon. Eli K. Price will preside. Mr. Boyce and others will address the meeting. Admission free.

THEFT OF A POCKET BOOK .- James Wilson has been committed by Aiderman Collins for the larceny of a pocket-book, containing five dollars, from a man who was making purchases in a grocery store at Thirteenth and Christian

RESIDENCE RESIDED.—On Thursday last the residence of Mr. Hammond, in the Twenty-fifth ward, near Harrowgate lane, was entered by thieves, and robbed of a silver watch, pistol, and a small sum of money.

ROBBERY,—Yesterday the wheelwright shop of Thomas Knapp, near Holmesburg, was entered by taleves, and robbed of a lot of tools to the value of seventy-five dollars.

CORNER LOUNGERS .- Yesterday eleven corner loungers were arrested in the Seventh dis-trict, and thirty in the Second district. The prisoners were all held to ball to keep the peace.

New York Money and Stock Marketa.

New York, Jan 24.—Stocks steely, Money easy at 667 per cent. Gold, 1214. Five.

twenties, 1862, compon, 115%; do. 1864, do., 116%; do. 1865, do., 115%; do. do., new, 114%; do. 1867, 114%; do. 1868, 114%; 16.40s, 112%; Virginia 6s, new, 62; Missouri 6s, 87%; Canton Company, 64%; Cumberland preferred, 34; Consolldated New York Central and Hudson River, 94%; Eric, 23%; Resding, 94%; Adams Express, 64%; Michigan Central, 117%; Michigan Sonthera, 85%; Hidnois Central, 157; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 90%; Chicago and Rock Island, 107%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 187%. Western UpicaTelegraph, 33%.

LEGAL ANTELLIGENCE.

Supreme Court in Bane Chief Justice Thomp-Williams. This morning the following judgments were

Chief Justice Thompson:—
Hargreaves vs. Rea. Error to the Common
Pleas of Philadelphia. Judgment affirmed.

Per curiam. Augier vs. Augier. Error to the Common Pleas of Philadelphia. This was a divorce case tried in the Common Pleas a year or so ago, in which the husband claimed a divorce upon the ground of desertion on the part of the wife, he complaining that she persistently refused for a long period to live with him in the apartments he saw fit to engage for their accommodation. It was in evidence, however, that he broke up their home during her absence at the sea shore, and then took rooms at a boarding-house, an she declined to join him there because he had already treated her with cold indifference when house keeping, and she feared he would continue such behavior before strangers in a boarding-house, and having good grounds for such fear, she knew that life under such circumstances would be burden-some and intelerable. The trial below resulted in a judgment for the husband, granting the di-vorce on the ground of desertion by the wife. The case then came before this court upon a writ of error, and was fully argued by counsel on both sides. After a full consideration, the Court decided that the judgment of the Court below was erroneous, and therefore reversed it.
The opinion, delivered by the Chief Justice,
concluded by saying that the facts in the case
were such as should have required the Judge
below to dismiss the libellant's application as unfit to be allowed, and therefore reversed the judgment, and dismissed the libellant's bill at the costs of the libellant.

Read, Justice:— Haywood vs. Sloan. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment affirmed. McGee, Hicks & Co. vs. Raignel et all. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment reversed, and venire de novo awarded.

Weaver vs. Ladd. Error to the District Court
of Philadelphia. Judgment affirmed.

Sharswood, Justice :-Yard's appeal. Appeal from the decree of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia. This case tested the validity of the charitable devises in

the will of Dr. George S. Hamill, which the Court decided to be valid, affirming the decree of the court below.

Mays vs. The Manufacturers' National Bank
of Philadelphia. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment affirmed. Moore, et al. vs. The Green and Coates Streets

Passenger Railway Company. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment reversed and judgment given for defendant in the demurrer. Livesey vs. The City of Philadelphia. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment

affirmed. Connelly vs. McKean. Error to the District Court of Philadelphia. Judgment reversed, and

. f. d. n. awarded. By Williams, Justice: -Fuller vs. Murphy. Error to the Common Pleas of Fayette county. Judgment affirmed. Marshall Short vs. Philip H. Stevenson, Error

to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Judgment reversed, and procedendo awarded. The Columbia county list was taken up. District Court. No. 1-Judge Stroud. Wm. Genley vs. Oliver Fales. An action on a book account to recover for hauling stone for the

defendant. The defense set up that plaintiffs demand was exorbitant. Jury out. Thomas Abrahams vs. Alex. Potter. An action to recover back money paid to defendant for an interest in certain oil land, upon the representation that the property was to be bought for a small price and sold for a large profit; it being alleged that the tract was purchased, but no sale of it was ever effected. On trial.

District Court, No. 2 Judge Hare. Charles Matthews, Administrator, vs. Thomas Thomas. Verdict by agreement for plaintiff,

Isane W. Hughes vs. George W. Rankin. An action on a promissory note, to recover against defendant as an endorser. The defense alleged that Mr. Rankin was induced to endorse by a false representation that the principal was a man of means and able to meet the obligation.

Court of Common Pleas-Judge Peirce. Joseph Myers vs. Martin Goodman. An action to recover for clothing furnished to de-

fendant's son. On trial. Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson. Prison cases were before the court to-day. John Lukins was convicted of assault and battery upon Policeman Austin. On the 12th of the month the officer arrested the prisoner at Twenty-third and Wood streets for corner lounging and insulting ladies, and on the way to the

station-house he struck the officer. Robert Fulton, colored, was convicted of as sault and battery upon a colored woman. The latter testified that she found the prisoner thirsty and hungry, and she took him in and gave him to ent and to drink, and after that he accused her of stealing money from him, and when she denied the charge he beat her. The prisoner pleaded drunkenness.

Abraham Travers, colored, was convicted of assault and battery upon another colored man. As the latter was fastening up his house on the night of the 13th, the prisoner, who was upon bad terms with him, walked up and cut

him on the neck with a razor.

John Duffy, a boy, was convicted of riot is creating a disturbance and threatening to tear down a house at Twenty-fifth and Hamilton streets, and to kill the occupant, an old man. I was said that he was one of a set of bad boy who infest that neighborhood, who frequently make difficulties there.

OBITUARY.

Henry Placide, Comedian. Henry Placide, comedian, died at Babylon, L. I., yesterday. He was born in Charleston, 8. C., September 8, 1709. His father and mother were both performers, the former the manager of a company of actors who traveled through the South, giving dramatic entertainments. The carliest authentic record of Mr. Placide's appearance on the stage exists in a play-bill (now hang-ing in the parlor of the deceased actor) of the ing in the parlor of the deceased actor) of the Charleston company, dated Friday evening, October 14, 1808, in which Master H. Placide appears in two pieces, viz., as "David" in the Blind Bargain, and as "Florio di Rosalvi" in the Hunter of the Alps. He was then only nine years old. His second appearance in New York was as "Zekiel Homespun" in the Heir-at-Law, and as "Dr. Dubloncour" in the atterpiece of the Budget of Blunders, at the old Park Theatre, in 1823. From this time until 1843, a period of in 1823. From this time until 1843, a period o twenty years, he was the constant favorite of the New York public.

This period may be called the brightest days of the "Old Park." The far-famed stock company was in its perfection. An unfortunate event in the beginning of the following year cast a gloom over the theatrical world, from which it has never entirely recovered. This was the salling of the ill-fated steamer President, on which poor Power embarked, and upon which Placide had intended to make his second trip to England. The President salled from New York on the 10th of March, and was never more heard of. The circumstances that led Placide to give up his trip by this steamer appear so curious that they are worth relating. He was not going out to fulfil an immediate engagement but, on the contrary, he might remain idle in London for some months before there would be an opportunity for him to appear in his favorite parts with Power. But among the passengers on the vessel were to be many par-ticular friends, as well as Power, and he hoped to make the voyage in their company. I had made all my arrangements to go, said he, when Forrest came to my room and persuaded me not to go. He thoroughly hated England and Englishmen, and among the latter reckoned Power. "Why go out of America, whore you are appreciated, to a country where you will not be—where you will not even have a fair chance? As an American, the critics will show you no mercy, etc. ejc. I told him I might as well

gagement at the Park, and could employ my leisure time in Europe very pleasantly in look-ing at the curlosities of the Old World. "Yes," replied, "and spend all your money before you get an engagement! Why not make some money

get an engagement! Why not make some money here before you go—if you must go?" To which I replied that I had no prospect of playing here—times were dull—no theatrical prospect before me. To this he said that he was just from Richmond, where he had had a very successful engagement. "They will be giad to have you there, I know," he coutinued, "and if you will say the word, I will write to the manager at once, and no doubt he will make flattering terms. once, and no doubt he will make flattering terms with you." Seeing I hesitated, he said, "Come, I will write a letter to him myself;" and withont more words he sat down, wrote the letter, and carried it off with him. In a few days he brought me a very polite answer from the manager, asking terms, etc., and as I had secretly determined to go to Eugland in the President, come what would, and wished to cut short Forrest's friendly importunities, I named terms far beyond anything I had ever received or expected to receive. Forrest was not surprised at it, although my modest price was "half the house," and advised me to sit down at once and write the manager to that effect. I tried to put off the writing, but it was of no use. Forrest insisted that I should do it at once, and for fear that I should not mall the letter after I had written it actually carried it binaself to the New York Post Office, then in the little Rotunda in the Park. The letter went, the answer came back, and my terms were ac-

cepted! So the steamer sailed without me. Placide played a star engagement in Loudon, where he was subject to some few not unfriendly criticisms, as Forrest had predicted, and even the comparisons made to his disadvantage were with giants of the stage; his "Sir Peter" was compared with that of Farren, and his "Touchstone" with that of Fawcett. On his return to New York, Placide reappeared at the Park in September, and continued to play there until 1843. He there terminated a long career of un-equalled popularity at this time-honored edifice, and retired for a time to his quiet country residence at Babylon, L. I. Since then he has played in the various cities of the Union, his last engagement being at the Winter Garden in 1865, where he played "'Coporal Cartonche" with un-diminished spirit in his 66th year.

AROUND THE WORLD.

How to Describe a Circle of Twenty-four Thousand Miles, and the Time it Takes to

The Eric Railway Company issues a circular, enclosing a statement of routes, time, and distances embraced in making a modern circuit of the globe. The circular says that "in all pro-bability the time is not distant when we shall see advertised in our journals and on our thoroughfares the novel announcement, 'Through Tickets for Passage Around the World sold here: baggage checked to Fong Kong, Calconta, or Bombay; only two changes to Shanghai."

The statement of routes, times, and distances referred to takes the shape of a ticket a yard long, across the face of which is the painful joke, "Good for one lesson in modern geogra-, but not good for passage."

We slart from New York to do the circle and we do it, in our imagination, in this fashion:— To Buffalo or Cleveland, 423 or 655 miles by the Erie, in seventeen or twenty-four hours. Thence to Chicago, 538 or 355 miles, in twenty-one or fourteen hours,
Thence to Omaha, 490 miles, in twenty-three

Thence to San Francisco, 1950 miles, in vinety-

three hours.
Thence to Yokohama, 4714 miles, in twentyone days. Thence to Hong Kong, 1670 miles, in six days, Thence to Calcutta, 3500 miles, in fourteen

thence to Bombay, 1219 miles, in two days. Thence to Cairo, 3600 miles, in twelve days. Thence to Alexandria, 100 miles, in five hours. Thence to Marsoilles, 1800 miles, in six days. Thence to Havre, via Paris and Rouen, 575

miles, in thirty hours.
Thence to New York—home again—3150 miles, Thus swinging round the circle, 23,739 miles, in seventy-seven days and twenty-one hours,

WEDDING INVITATIONS MANNER, LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS V of solid 18-ksrat fine gold. QUALITY WAR RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand. FARR & BROTHER, Makers, 3 24wfm; No. 324 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth

WEDDING AND PARTY INVI-TATIONS

ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE. WALLETS, GOLD PENS, WRITING DESKS, KNIVES,

CARD CASES, FOLIOS, ETC. J. LINERD, STATIONER AND CARD ENGRAVER No. 921 SPRING GARDEN STREET,

E D D Y'S,

NINTH AND SANSOM STREETS. The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he is once more to be found at his old establishment, and trusts a continuance of their former patronage. The past charseter of the house will be a sufficient guarantee for the

JAMES M. LEDDY. FOR SALK-THE HANDSOME FOUR-WILLIAM ROSPELL ALLEN, No. 34 WALNUT

DRY QOODS.

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS,

DEALERS IN THE BETTER CLASS

HAVE REDUCED THE PRICES OF ALL

DRY COODS,

WINTER COODS,

TO REDUCE STOCK AND PREPARE FOR

SPRING SUPPLIES.

FINE STOCK OF SHAWLS, HEAVIEST BLACK SILKS, BLUK VELVETS AND VELVETEENS, MAGNIFICENT PIANO COVERS, FINE LARGE BLANKETS, BEST TOILET QUILTS, DOUBLE DAMASK NAPKINS, MOIRE ANTIQUE DAMASKS, MUSLINS BY THE PIECE, VERY BEST FLANNELS, STOUTEST COTTON FLANNELS, 10 16 amin

AMUSEMENTS.

[For additional Amusements see the Third Page.] NATATORIUM HALL, BROAD STREET, below Walnut street, TUESDAY EVENING, January 26, 1870. At the request of numer on friends B. F. DUANE, X. T. R. will repeat bit NINETY MINUTES in KWEER KOMPANY; or, Song and Chit-Chat, with Sketches of K-Centrick Karacter, Admission Kards, Fifty Cents; Children, nair price, witch kan be prescred at the door. Door un-kloted at f. Kenmenge at 8, 1732;

go there as stay here; I had given up my engagement at the Park, and could employ my | THIRD EDITION | FOURTH EDITION | and State government preparatory to admission us a State,

WASHINGTON. GENERAL NEWS.

The Senate Amendments to the Virginia Bill Accepted by the House Committee-Fight for the Leadership Between Butler and Farnsworth-The Presi-

dent Does not Like the Amendments, but will not Veto the Bill.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Virginia Question.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Reconstruction Committee held a meeting this morning and took up the Senate amendments for the admission of Virginia. After some discussion between General Butler and the Democratic members of the committee, the Senate amendments were

It is expected there will be a contest between Butler and Farnsworth when the bill comes up as to who shall have charge of it. Butler claims that, as he is shairman of the Reconstruction Committee, the bill should be in his charge, while Farnsworth, who managed the bill when it passed the House, contends that he should have charge of it and all amendments.

Butler wants to get time to attack Bingham. and Farnsworth is anxious to ent off all debate so as to concur in the Senate amendments. The Virginia conservatives are trying to get the President to promise to veto the bill, but he told them to-day that while he did not like the Senate amendments, he would sign the bill if it passed the House, so as to get done with the subject.

The Postni Telegraph Bill. Mr. Washburn succeeded to-day in getting his postal telegraph bill referred to a special committee of seven. He could not trust the Postal Committee, to which thebill would naturally go, as he believes them to be in the interrest of the Western Union Telegraph Compeny.

CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

Sennte. Washington, Jan. 24.—Mr. Hamlin presented the credentials of his colleague, Lot M. Morrill, elected by the Legislature of Maine for the unexpired term of the late Mr. Fessenden

the vacancy having been previously filled by the appointment of the Governor. The credentials being read, the usual oath of office was administered to Mr. Morrill by the Chair.

Mr. Stewart said he desired to make a personal explanation in order to correct a statement by Mr. Sumner in the discussion between that Senator and Mr. Trumbull, on Friday last.

Mr. Sumner said if the request was granted he would ask to reply at once, at length, and would go into the whole history of the question upon which remarks would be made requiring at least an hour of time.

The order of business being called for, the request of Mr. Stewart was not granted.

Mr. Fenton (N. Y.) presented the memorial of citizens of Western New York in relation to certain manufacturing interests, embracing the productions of saw mills, etc., in that section of New York and along the Northern border, pray-ing Congress to remove the present duty of 20 per cent. upon timber brought in from Canada, which enters into their productions, and that the tax now resting on this class coming from there shall not be removed

Also, petitions praying for the abolition of the franking privilege Mr. Scott (Pa.) presented a petition for pensions to soldiers of 1812, and urged definite

action for their relief. Mr. Conkling (N. Y.) presented the petition of the Board of Trade of Buffalo against the continuance or renewal of the income tax.

Mr. Cameron presented petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege, and remarked that through the commendable zeal of the Postmaster-General the reform was now generally asked for by the people of Pennsylvania. He gave notice that, in connection with this reform, he would oppose the appropriation of money for postage stamps for members. Also, from manufacturers of Pennsylvania for

the removal of the import duty on the nitrate of potash and nitrate of soda. Also, a petition from a large number of ladies for the recognition in the national Constitution of the authority of Almighty God.

Bouse. Under the call of States bills were introduced

and referred as follows:-By Mr. Kellogg, resuming a land grant for a railroad from the Mississippi river, opposite the mouth of the Ohio, via Little Rock to the Texas boundary, near Fulton, Arkansas, and regranting it to other parties engaging to build the

By Mr. Ferris, in relation to additional bounties. Also, limiting appointment of certain officers. By Mr. Myers, fixing the compensation of letter carriers at \$1200 in all cities where the free delivery system is in operation.

By Mr. Peters, to increase the salary of the United States Minister to China. Also, to repeal the act of January 22, 1867, providing for an additional session of Congress.

Also, for the improvement of the Penebscot river in Maine.

By Mr. Hale, for the improvement of the Union and Narragogus rivers in Maine. By Mr. Poland, fixing the salary of postal clerks on the Pacific Railroad. By Mr. Dawes, to incorporate the Washington and Boston Steamship Company.

By Mr. Dixon, concerning the liability of ship owners, maritime liens, salvage, and the jurisdic-

tion of courts in admirstry.

By Mr. Cessna, to increase the number of
Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States, and defining the jurisdiction of United States Courts in certain cases.

By Mr. Whittemore, authorizing the conveyance of certain Government property in the county of Beaufort, South Carolina. Also, as to the bounty to colored soldiers. By Mr. Bingham, to regulate the mode of de-termining the ratification of constitutional

By Mr. Welker, to authorize the building of a railroad from Washington city to Schuylkill

county, Pennsylvania.

By Mr. Mungen, granting 160 acres of land to soldiers, etc., who served in the late war. By Mr. Cook, to authorize the building of a military and postal railway from Chicago to San Diego, California.

By Mr. Marshall, to provide for the compensation of grand and petit jurors in United States

By Mr. Hawley, to adjust the payment of pensions on a gold basis.

By Mr. Hay, providing for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines.

Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Jan. 24.—Cotton duli but firm at 25c.
Flour—the market favors buyers. Howard Street superfine, 24-156.5; do. extra, \$5-25.26; do. family, \$6-25.27; City Mills superfine, \$6.35-75; do. extra, \$5-30.25; do. family, \$7.28-25; Western superfine, \$4-756.5; do. extra, \$5-356.5-75; do. family, \$2-25.26-75.

Wheat firm; prime to choice red, \$1-30.21-45. Corn firm; white, \$8c.26.102; yellow, 95c. Oats steady at 13.256. Mess Pork quiet at \$20-30.230. Bacon firm and active; rib sides, 164.266.26; clear do., 17c.; shoulders, 134.c.; hams, 19.220c. Land quiet at 17.217.6. Whisky series at \$1.07. Baltimore Produce Market.

Prince Arthur in Washington-He Calls upon the President and Visits the Senate-Terrible Casualty at St. Joseph, Missouri-A New Route from Eng-

FROM WASHINGTON.

land to Australia.

The Fractional Carrency. Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Jan. 21 .- Senator Sherman to-day called up the bill to redeem three per cent. certificates and issue forty-five millions of currency. In the course of his speech he read a letter from the Comptroller of the Currency, showing that no State north of Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri received any of this new currency, except about one hundred thousand to Wisconsin. Twenty-five millions must go to the extreme south on account of the population, and the remaining twenty-five millions through the South to the above named States, on the basis of resources. The Comptroller will

construe the bill so as not to give any to the Pacific States. Prince Arthur's Visit to the President.

Despatch to the Associated Press.
Washington, Jan. 24.—This being the day designated for the visit of Prince Arthur to President Grant, Secretary Fish went to the Executive Maneion about noon, for the purpose of awaiting his coming, and to perform his part of the usual ceremony on State occasions.

About a hundred persons of both sexes were

gathered on the steps of the mansion, and several policemen were in attendance.

At noon the carriages of the visiting party were driven to the portico, when the Prince in company with Minister Thornton, Colone Elphinstone, Lieutenaut Pickard, and Eusig Fitzroy, of the Prince's suite, alighted and entered the vestibule, both doors having been thrown open for them. Thence they were escorted to the Blue Room, where they were met by Secretary Fish, and Generals Dent, Porter, Babcock, and Badeau, and Colonel R. M. Douglas, of the President's staff. The Secretary then excused himself, and going to the Presi-dent's private office, informed the latter that the

took place. There were no speeches, but merely the exchange of words in pleasant conversation, the Prince expressing himself thus far pleased with his visit, and the President expressing the hope that it would continue to be agreeable.

Prince awaited his coming, and the Secretary

entered the Blue Room, where the presentation

The party were invited by the President into the Red Room, where the Prince and his companions were presented to Mrs. Grant and to Mr. Dent, the lady's father.

Mrs. Grant and the Prince occupied the greater part of the time in conversation, the

rince in the meantime standing with his hat it his hand. The visit was of only twenty minute duration. The President bowed farewell to the party at the inner door of the vestibule, and Secretary Fish and Generals Dent, Porter, Badean, and Babcock, and Colonel Douglas ac-companied them to the outer door, where ser-vants helped the Prince to put on his overcoat, and the visitors returned to their carriages.

The Duty on Steel. The Committee of Ways and Means to-day raised the duty on manufactured steel to 314 There is a disposition to make a general in crease of the duty on manufactured steel and iron.

The Prince at the Capitol. Prince Arthur, attended by Minister Thornton and some of his suite, appeared in the Senate diplomatic gallery and remained some time, while Mr. Howe was speaking on the Carrency bill.

Nominations Sent to the Senate. The following nominations were sent to the Sena'e to-day: -John C. Stearns, to be Assessor of Internal Revenue for the Second district of Vermont; Philip K. Gleed, Assessor for the Third district of Vermont; William S. Southworth, Assessor for the First district of Ver-mont; Rollin J. Jones, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First district of Vermont; Jeremiah D. Hyde, Receiver of Public Moneys at Visalia, California; Edward W. Willett, Register of the Land Office at Visalia, California; John N. Gott, Receiver at Boonevijle, Missouri; and Harney Carpenter, Postmaster at H milton, Nevada.

CONGRESS.

Senute.

butinged from the Third Edition Mr. Hamlin introduced a bill for the relief of the poor of the City of Washington. Referred. Mr. Drake, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported with amendments, and asked immediate consideration of the bill for the relief of certain contractors for the construction of vessels-of-war and steam machinery. The bill refers the claims to the Court of Claims, except the claims of certain contractors named therein The bill was read, and in answer to Mr. Thurman (Mr. Drake) explained that the object of the bill was to afford an opportunity for the proof of claims upon the basis of the act of March 2, 1867, providing for their investigation. The bill was finally laid over for the present.

Mr. Casserly offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the division for sale of the public lands in California into various classes, such as timber, agricultural, etc.

Mr. Morton offered a resolution directing the Judiciary Committee to report to the Senate, as soon as practicable, by what authority, if any General Terry has organized and convened a military commission to inquire into the elegi-bility of Senators and Representatives elected to the Legislature of Georgia, and their right to hold seats in that body, and for the purpose of facilitating such inquiries the President of the United States and the Secretary of War be and they are hereby requested to communicate to the Senate all orders which they have issued, and the correspondence with General Terry, as the Governor of Georgia, and generally, all the information they may have in reference to the action of such military commission.

Mr. Sumner objected to the present consideration of the resolution, when it was laid over.

Mr. Wilson offered for reference a resolution President Lincoln. Referred to the Committee on Pensions.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the Senate pro ceeded to consider the bill to provide a national currency of coin notes, and to equalize the distribution of circulating notes, which was read. Continued from the Third Edition.

By Mr. Boyd, to amend the Southern Pacific Railroad bill. By Mr. Conger, for the survey of Fort Gratiot Military Reservation, Michigan. By Mr. McCrary, to equalize bountles: also, concerning the financial policy of the United

By Mr. Washburn (Wis.), to establish postal telegraph lines. He moved to refer it to a special committee of seven.

Mr. Farnsworth called for a division, and re-

marked that the matter was already before a standing committee—the Post Office Committee.

Mr. Ferry moved to refer the bill to the Post
Office Committee. Negatived—69 to 76. The bill was then referred, without a division,

to a select committee of seven. By Mr. Fargent, to amend the act for a rail-road from Stockton to Copperopolis, California. By Mr. MeGrew, allowing citizens of West Virginia to present claims for quartermasters' stores, etc., to the Court of Claims.

By Mr. Chaves (New Mexico), to authorize the people of New Mexico to form a constitution

Also, for an assay office in New Mexico Also, defining the northern boundaries of New

Mexico.

By Mr. Garfield (Wash. Ter.), for a custom house at Fort Townsend, Wathington Territory, and for a wharf at Olympia, and for the protec tion of bona fide purchasers of school lands in

Washington Territory.
By Mr. Bradford (Colorado), for a wagon road

in Colorado

in Colorado.

By Mr. Spink (Dakota), granting agricultural school lands to the several Territories.

Mr. Burr offered a resolution declaring that from the nature of its duties the Committee on Elections was a judicial body, and that in deciding contested election cases the members thereof should act according to all the rules of law without partiality or resingle. law, without partiality or prejudice, as if under a special oath in each case.

FROM EUROPE.

New Route from England to Australia. By the Anglo-American Cable.

LONDON, Jan. 24 .- A project has been introduced here looking to the establishment of steam and rallroad connections between Australia, New Zealand, etc., to London, by way of San Francisco, Portland, and Milford Haven, Wales. It is thought that the route may be accomplished through these points in about forty

Montpensier Elected Deputy. MADRID, Jan. 24.—The Duke of Montpensier has been elected Deputy to the Cortes from Ovledo.

Papal Infallibility. Municu, Jan. 24.-The Augsburg Gazette of Saturday prints the protest of Cardinal Ranscher against Papal Infallibility, which will shortly be presented to the Pope.

Pante in a Church and Great Loss of Life. By the Franco-American Cable, LIVERPOOT, Jan. 24-2 P. M. - A panie occurred last night in St. Joseph's Catholic Chapel at Liverpool, in which fifteen persons were-

killed. Rioting at Sheffield. A colliery riot has broken out at Thorneliffe, Sheffield, and promises to continue, with serious results.

Extraordinary Meeting of Parliament. LONDON, Jan. 24-2 P. M .- Gladstone has officially announced that a meeting of Parliament will be held on the 8th of February, at which important matters will be submitted to the House at an early date.

The Evangelical Alliance. It is anticipated that 500 European clergy will attend the Evangelical Alliance to be held at New York on September 5.

This Evening's Quotations. This Evenlag's Quotations.

LONDON, Jan. 24-4:30 P. M.—Consols for money 92%, and for account 92%. Five-twenties of 1862, 87; of 1865, old, 86%; of 1867, 85%; Ten-forties, 84%. Ratiways quiet. Eric, 18%; Illinois Central, 103%; Great Western, 26.

Livenge ol., Jan. 24-4:30 P. M.—Cotton buoyant. Uplands 11%d.; Orleans, 11%d. Sales to-day 18,000 boles. Lard active at 73s; turpentine, 28s, 94.

London, Jan. 24-4:30 P. M.—Calcutta linseed quiet; Lanseed oil, £20 6s.

Ship News.
QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 24.—Arrived yesterday, steamer
Minnesota, from New York.

FROM NEW YORK.

Dr. Helmbold Robbed.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The residence of Dr. II. T. Helmbold was entered by sneak thieves on Friday evening last, while the family were at dinner, and jewelry valued at about two thousand dollars was carried off.

Destructive Fire. New York, Jan. 24 .- A fire at No. 52 Leonard street, to-day, destroyed property valued at \$60,000, which is fully insured. The chief losers are Sterns & Wells, James Halsey, and H. W.

New York Money Market.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. New York, Jan. 24 .- The indications in the street this morning are that there will be an active time, Drew, Vanderbilt, and other financial giants having buckled on their armor for an old-time fight. Drew, it is said, is short on Northwestern preferred, while Vanderbilt has been buying it since September. The stock is now quoted at 90% @91, and is active. Other stocks are active and strong. The express companies, it is said, have formed a compact, by which the Adams comes into a portion of the Chicago trade, hitherto controlled by the American. The negotiations and their result are kept secret by the companies. Money is easy at 5@7 per cent. Gold opened at 121, fell to 120%, and is now 1214. Governments steady at a general

advance of 36. New York Produce Market. New York, Jan. 24.—Cotton steady at 25% cents for middling uplands; sales of 600 bales. Flour firmer, and advanced 5600 cents. Sales 7000 bbls. State at \$4.70.06; Western at \$4.60.06 in \$5.000 bushels No. 1 at \$1.23; No. 2 at \$1.20; wheter red at \$1.30@133. dull; sales of 21,000 bushels Southern at \$1.30.000 at \$1.20; wheter red at \$1.30@133. dull; sales of 21,000 bushels Southern yellow at 102.40 till for new. Oats dull, with sales of 16,000 bushels; state, 676.630; Western, 576.000. Provisions quiet. Lard, 161.617 for steam-rendered. Whisky quiet at \$1.70.

FROM THE WEST. Fire and Loss of lafe. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 24.—A fire early yesterday morning destroyed five mercantile build-William Fowler's brother-in-law, who was sleeping in one of the stores, was burned to

death. The firemen tried to secure his remains,

when a wall fell, burying several. There were three killed and five badly injured. Extensive Bargiaries. CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—The North Division of the city was visited on Saturday night by a bold band of burglars and foot pads, who knocked down several citizens with slung shots, robbed them in the street, and entered a number of houses. Another attempted to enter a

residence on Wabash avenue, but being discovered were fired on by the inmates and fied. FROM NEW ENGLAND.

An Abscunding Postmaster. Pol TLAND, Jan. 24.—J. H. Hasly, Postmaster and trader at Waterboro, absconded after obtaining several thousand dollars by forging the names of substantial citizens. He is believed to have fled to Canada.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGS SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 s. Third Street.

SECOND BOARD.

\$1000 Leh R 6s. 40 b 8s | 100 sh Read R. b30,47-56

\$2000 Leh V n bds. | 100 sh Read R. b30,47-56

Cp. , 53', 600 do. ..ls.47-41

\$2000 Sch N 6s 82 | 200 do. ..ls.47-45

\$2000 Leh (nu la an | 100 do. ..s60wn.47-46

\$2000 Leh Van | s. 53', 200 do. ..ls.47-56

\$2000 Leh van | s. 53', 200 do. ..ls.47-56

\$31 sh Minchill R. 51', 100 do. s60wn.47-44

\$100 sh O C A A R R 85

\$20 do. ...s8

\$14 sh 2a & 3d St.b5. 40

THERE ARE A GREAT MANY PERSONS having claims upon the United States or State Governments, who have committed the same to the care of Messrs. George Cragg & Bro., or T. H. Peters & Co. They will hear of something greatly to their advantage, on application, either in person or by mail, to the General Collection Agency, No. 135-South SEVEN III Street.

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.